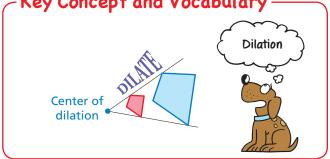
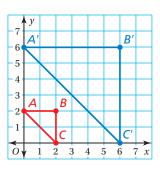
**Visual Model** 

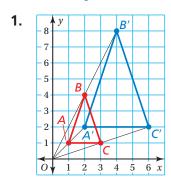
## Key Concept and Vocabulary



To dilate with respect to the origin, multiply the coordinates of each vertex by the scale factor k.



## **Skill Example**



After a dilation with a scale factor of 2, the coordinates of the image are A'(2, 2), B'(4, 8), and C'(6, 2).

## **Application Example**

**2.** The location of a building is represented by the points A(0, 0), B(0, 4), C(8, 4), and D(8, 0) in a coordinate plane. An expansion of the building is represented using a dilation with a scale factor of 1.5. What are the coordinates of the image?

$$(x, y) \longrightarrow (1.5x, 1.5y)$$

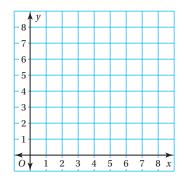
The coordinates of the image are A'(0, 0), B'(0, 6), C'(12, 6), and D'(12, 0).

## PRACTICE MAKES PURR-FECT

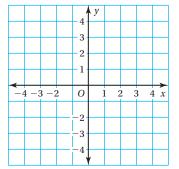
Check your answers at BigIdeasMath.com. —

Draw the figure and its image after a dilation with the given scale factor.

**3.** A(1, 0), B(1, 2), C(2, 1); k = 3



**4.** P(-4, -4), Q(-4, 2), R(0, 2), S(4, -4);  $k = \frac{1}{2}$ 



5. **RESTAURANT** A restaurant expands a patio using a dilation with a scale factor of 1.75. The dilated patio is represented in the coordinate plane. What were the coordinates of the original patio?

