7.5 Properties of Trapezoids and Kites For use with Exploration 7.5

Essential Question What are some properties of trapezoids and kites?

EXPLORATION: Making a Conjecture about Trapezoids

Go to BigIdeasMath.com for an interactive tool to investigate this exploration.

Work with a partner. Use dynamic geometry software.

 a. Construct a trapezoid whose base angles are congruent. Explain your process.



b. Is the trapezoid isosceles? Justify your answer.

c. Repeat parts (a) and (b) for several other trapezoids. Write a conjecture based on your results.

7.5 Properties of Trapezoids and Kites (continued)

2 **EXPLORATION:** Discovering a Property of Kites

Go to *BigIdeasMath.com* for an interactive tool to investigate this exploration.

Work with a partner. Use dynamic geometry software.

- **a.** Construct a kite. Explain your process.
- **b.** Measure the angles of the kite. What do you observe?



c. Repeat parts (a) and (b) for several other kites. Write a conjecture based on your results.

Communicate Your Answer

- 3. What are some properties of trapezoids and kites?
- 4. Is the trapezoid at the right isosceles? Explain.



5. A quadrilateral has angle measures of 70°, 70°, 110°, and 110°. Is the quadrilateral a kite? Explain.

7.5 Notetaking with Vocabulary For use after Lesson 7.5

In your own words, write the meaning of each vocabulary term.

trapezoid

bases

base angles

legs

isosceles trapezoid

midsegment of a trapezoid

kite

Theorems

Theorem 7.14 Isosceles Trapezoid Base Angles Theorem

If a trapezoid is isosceles, then each pair of base angles is congruent.

If trapezoid *ABCD* is isosceles, then $\angle A \cong \angle D$ and $\angle B \cong \angle C$.



Theorem 7.15 Isosceles Trapezoid Base Angles Converse

If a trapezoid has a pair of congruent base angles, then it is an isosceles trapezoid.

If $\angle A \cong \angle D$ (or if $\angle B \cong \angle C$), then trapezoid *ABCD* is isosceles.



7.5 Notetaking with Vocabulary (continued)

Theorem 7.16 Isosceles Trapezoid Diagonals Theorem

A trapezoid is isosceles if and only if its diagonals are congruent.

Trapezoid *ABCD* is isosceles if and only if $\overline{AC} \cong \overline{BD}$.

Theorem 7.17 Trapezoid Midsegment Theorem

The midsegment of a trapezoid is parallel to each base, and its length is one-half the sum of the lengths of the bases.

If \overline{MN} is the midsegment of trapezoid *ABCD*, then $\overline{MN} \parallel \overline{AB}$, $\overline{MN} \parallel \overline{DC}$, and $MN = \frac{1}{2}(AB + CD)$.





Theorem 7.18 Kite Diagonals Theorem

If a quadrilateral is a kite, then its diagonals are perpendicular.

If quadrilateral *ABCD* is a kite, then $\overline{AC} \perp \overline{BD}$.

Theorem 7.19 Kite Opposite Angles Theorem

If a quadrilateral is a kite, then exactly one pair of opposite angles are congruent.

If quadrilateral *ABCD* is a kite and $\overline{BC} \cong \overline{BA}$, then $\angle A \cong \angle C$ and $\angle B \neq \angle D$.

Notes:





Date

7.5 Notetaking with Vocabulary (continued)

Extra Practice

Show that the quadrilateral with vertices at Q(0, 3), R(0, 6), S(-6, 0), and T(-3, 0) is a trapezoid. Decide whether the trapezoid is isosceles. Then find the length of the midsegment of the trapezoid.



In Exercises 2 and 3, find $m \angle K$ and $m \angle L$. 2. M



3. L , 130° M

In Exercises 4 and 5, find CD.



In Exercises 6 and 7, find the value of *x*.





