

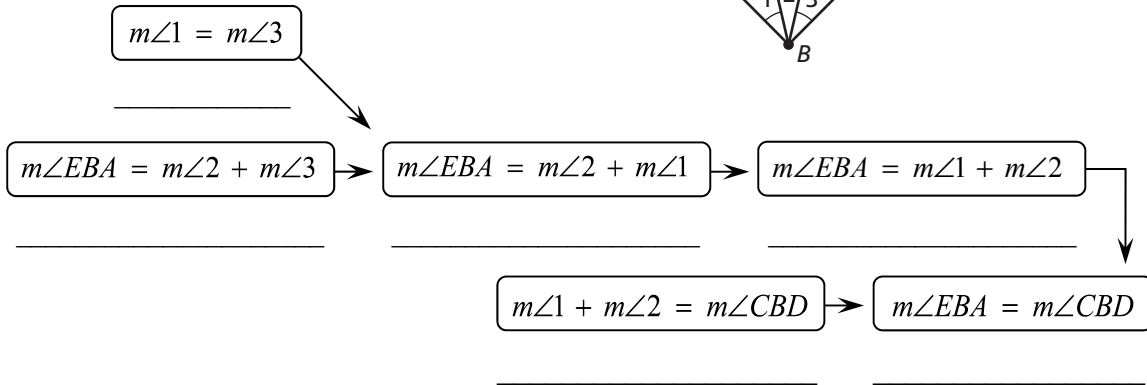
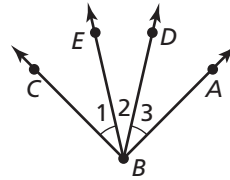
**2.6 Proving Geometric Relationships (continued)**

**2 EXPLORATION: Matching Reasons in a Flowchart Proof**

Work with a partner. Match each reason with the correct step in the flowchart.

Given  $m\angle 1 = m\angle 3$

Prove  $m\angle EBA = m\angle CBD$



- |  |  |
|--|--|
| <b>A.</b> Angle Addition Postulate (Post. 1.4) | <b>B.</b> Transitive Property of Equality      |
| <b>C.</b> Substitution Property of Equality    | <b>D.</b> Angle Addition Postulate (Post. 1.4) |
| <b>E.</b> Given                                | <b>F.</b> Commutative Property of Addition     |

**Communicate Your Answer**

- How can you use a flowchart to prove a mathematical statement?
- Compare the flowchart proofs above with the two-column proofs in the Section 2.5 Explorations. Explain the advantages and disadvantages of each.

**2.6****Notetaking with Vocabulary**

For use after Lesson 2.6

In your own words, write the meaning of each vocabulary term.

flowchart proof, or flow proof

paragraph proof

**Theorems and Postulates****Theorem 2.3 Right Angles Congruence Theorem**

All right angles are congruent.

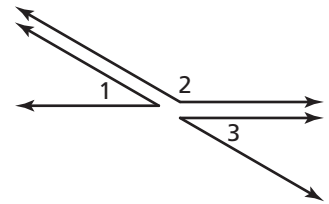
**Notes:**

**Theorem 2.4 Congruent Supplements Theorem**

If two angles are supplementary to the same angle (or to congruent angles), then they are congruent.

If  $\angle 1$  and  $\angle 2$  are supplementary and  $\angle 3$  and  $\angle 2$  are supplementary, then  $\angle 1 \cong \angle 3$ .

**Notes:**

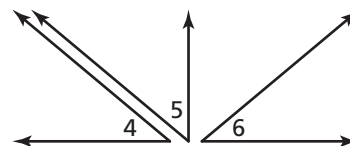


**2.6 Notetaking with Vocabulary (continued)**

**Theorem 2.5 Congruent Complements Theorem**

If two angles are complementary to the same angle (or to congruent angles), then they are congruent.

If  $\angle 4$  and  $\angle 5$  are complementary and  $\angle 6$  and  $\angle 5$  are complementary, then  $\angle 4 \cong \angle 6$ .

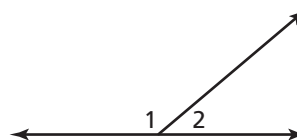


**Notes:**

**Postulate 2.8 Linear Pair Postulate**

If two angles form a linear pair, then they are supplementary.

$\angle 1$  and  $\angle 2$  form a linear pair, so  $\angle 1$  and  $\angle 2$  are supplementary and  $m\angle 1 + m\angle 2 = 180^\circ$ .

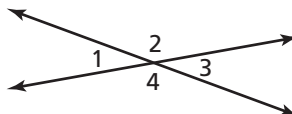


**Notes:**

**Theorem 2.6 Vertical Angles Congruence Theorem**

Vertical angles are congruent.

**Notes:**



$$\angle 1 \cong \angle 3, \angle 2 \cong \angle 4$$

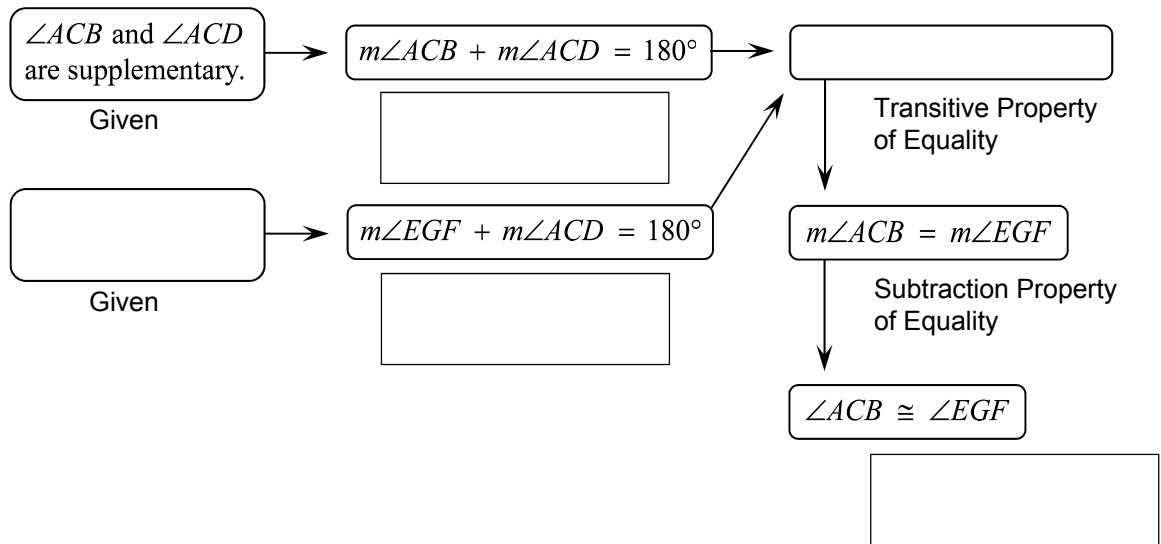
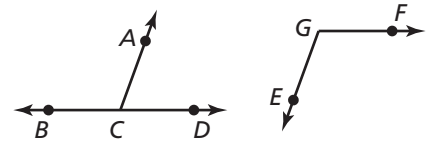
**2.6** Notetaking with Vocabulary (continued)

**Extra Practice**

1. Complete the flowchart proof. Then write a two-column proof.

**Given**  $\angle ACB$  and  $\angle ACD$  are supplementary.  
 $\angle EGF$  and  $\angle ACD$  are supplementary.

**Prove**  $\angle ACB \cong \angle EGF$



Two-Column Proof

STATEMENTS	REASONS