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### 7.7 Factoring Special Products <br> For use with Exploration 7.7

Essential Question How can you recognize and factor special products?

1 EXPLORATION: Factoring Special Products
Go to BigIdeasMath.com for an interactive tool to investigate this exploration.
Work with a partner. Use algebra tiles to write each polynomial as the product of two binomials. Check your answer by multiplying. State whether the product is a "special product" that you studied in Section 7.3.
a. $4 x^{2}-1=$ $\qquad$

b. $4 x^{2}-4 x+1=$ $\qquad$

c. $4 x^{2}+4 x+1=$ $\qquad$
d. $4 x^{2}-6 x+2=$ $\qquad$

$\qquad$

### 7.7 Factoring Special Products (continued)

## 2 EXPLORATION: Factoring Special Products

Go to BigIdeasMath.com for an interactive tool to investigate this exploration.
Work with a partner. Use algebra tiles to complete the rectangular arrays in three different ways, so that each way represents a different special product. Write each special product in standard form and in factored form.


## Communicate Your Answer

3. How can you recognize and factor special products? Describe a strategy for recognizing which polynomials can be factored as special products.
4. Use the strategy you described in Question 3 to factor each polynomial.
a. $25 x^{2}+10 x+1$
b. $25 x^{2}-10 x+1$
c. $25 x^{2}-1$
$\qquad$
7.7

## Notetaking with Vocabulary

For use after Lesson 7.7
In your own words, write the meaning of each vocabulary term. polynomial
trinomial

## Core Concepts

## Difference of Two Squares Pattern

Algebra
$a^{2}-b^{2}=(a+b)(a-b)$

Example

$$
x^{2}-9=x^{2}-3^{2}=(x+3)(x-3)
$$

## Notes:

## Perfect Square Trinomial Pattern

## Algebra

$a^{2}+2 a b+b^{2}=(a+b)^{2}$
$a^{2}-2 a b+b^{2}=(a-b)^{2}$

Example

$$
\begin{aligned}
x^{2}+6 x+9 & =x^{2}+2(x)(3)+3^{2} \\
& =(x+3)^{2}
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
x^{2}-6 x+9=x^{2}-2(x)(3)+3^{2}
$$

$$
=(x-3)^{2}
$$

Notes:
$\qquad$

### 7.7 Notetaking with Vocabulary (continued)

## Extra Practice

In Exercises 1-6, factor the polynomial.

1. $s^{2}-49$
2. $t^{2}-81$
3. $16-x^{2}$
4. $4 g^{2}-25$
5. $36 h^{2}-121$
6. $81-49 k^{2}$

In Exercises 7-12, use a special product pattern to evaluate the expression.
7. $57^{2}-53^{2}$
8. $38^{2}-32^{2}$
9. $68^{2}-64^{2}$
10. $45^{2}-40^{2}$
11. $79^{2}-71^{2}$
12. $86^{2}-84^{2}$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

### 7.7 Notetaking with Vocabulary (continued)

## In Exercises 13-18, factor the polynomial.

13. $x^{2}+16 x+64$
14. $p^{2}+28 p+196$
15. $r^{2}-26 r+169$
16. $a^{2}-18 a+81$
17. $36 c^{2}+84 c+49$
18. $100 x^{2}-20 x+1$

In Exercises 19-24, solve the equation.
19. $x^{2}-144=0$
20. $9 y^{2}=49$
21. $c^{2}+14 c+49=0$
22. $d^{2}-4 d+4=0$
23. $n^{2}+\frac{2}{3} n=-\frac{1}{9}$
24. $-\frac{6}{5} k+\frac{9}{25}=-k^{2}$
25. The dimensions of a rectangular prism are $(x+1)$ feet by $(x+2)$ feet by 4 feet. The volume of the prism is $(24 x-1)$ cubic feet. What is the value of $x$ ?

