## 9.2 Extra Practice

In Exercises 1-3, find the value of x. Write your answer in simplest form.



In Exercises 4-6, find the values of x and y. Write your answers in simplest form.



In Exercises 7 and 8, sketch the figure that is described. Find the indicated length. Write your answer in simplest form.

- The length of a diagonal of a square is 32 inches. Find the perimeter of the square.
- 8. An isosceles triangle with 30° base angles has an altitude of  $\sqrt{3}$  meters. Find the length of the base of the isosceles triangle.

**9.** Find the area of  $\triangle DEF$ . Write your answer in simplest form.



10. A 12-foot ladder is leaning up against a wall. How high does the ladder reach up the wall when x is 30°? 45°? 60°?



## 9.2 Review & Refresh

**1.** In the diagram,  $\triangle ABC \sim \triangle XYZ$ . Find the value of *x*.



- 2. Determine whether segments with lengths of 4.9 meters, 7.0 meters, and 8.5 meters form a triangle. If so, is the triangle *acute*, *right*, or *obtuse*?
- **3.** Find the values of *x* and *y*. Write your answers in simplest form.



**4.** The endpoints of  $\overline{JK}$  are J(-4, 3) and K(8, -1). Find the coordinates of the midpoint *M*. **5.** Determine whether the polygons with the given vertices are congruent. Use transformations to explain your reasoning.

A(2, 5), B(4, 6), C(5, 1) and D(-1, 4), E(1, 5), F(2, 0)

6. Which tiles, if any, are similar? Explain.



- Three vertices of □WXYZ are W(-3, 4), Y(7, 3), and Z(1, 6). Find the coordinates of vertex X.
- **8.** Rewrite the definition as a biconditional statement.
  - **Definition** A *trapezoid* is a quadrilateral with exactly one pair of parallel sides.

9.2

## Self-Assessment

Use the scale to rate your understanding of the learning target and the success criteria.

1I do not understand.2I can do it with help.3I can do it on my own.	4 I can teach someone else.	
	Rating	Date
9.2 Special Right Triangles		
<b>Learning Target:</b> Understand and use special right triangles.	1 2 3 4	
I can find side lengths in 45°-45°-90° triangles.	1 2 3 4	
I can find side lengths in 30°-60°-90° triangles.	1 2 3 4	
I can use special right triangles to solve real-life problems.	1 2 3 4	