

## 2.2 Dividing Fractions

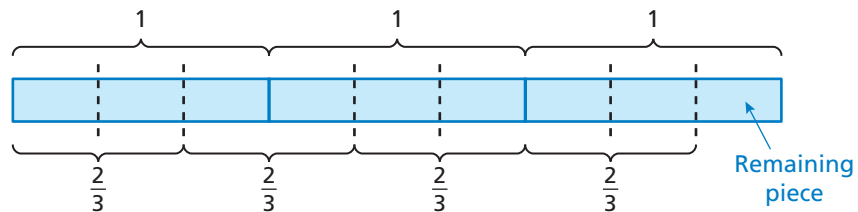
### Essential Question How can you divide by a fraction?

#### 1 ACTIVITY: Dividing by a Fraction

Work with a partner. Write the division problem and solve it using a model.

- a. How many two-thirds are in three?

The division problem is  $\square \div \frac{\square}{\square}$ .



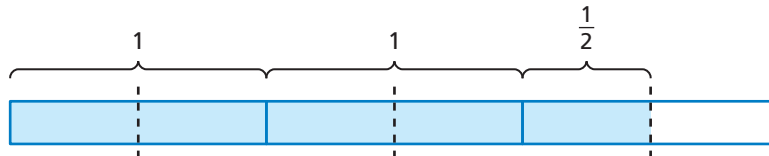
How many groups of  $\frac{2}{3}$  are in 3?  $\square$

The remaining piece represents  $\frac{\square}{\square}$  of  $\frac{2}{3}$ .

So, there are  $\square \frac{\square}{\square}$  groups of  $\frac{2}{3}$  in 3.

So,  $\square \div \frac{\square}{\square} = \square \frac{\square}{\square}$ .

- b. How many halves are in five halves?



- c. How many four-fifths are in eight?  
 d. How many one-thirds are in seven halves?  
 e. How many three-fourths are in five halves?



#### Dividing Fractions

In this lesson, you will

- write reciprocals of numbers.
- use models to divide fractions.
- divide fractions by fractions.
- solve real-life problems.

Learning Standard 6.NS.1

## 2

**ACTIVITY: Using Tables to Recognize a Pattern**

Work with a partner.

- a. Complete each table.

**Division Table**

$8 \div 16$	$\frac{1}{2}$
$8 \div 8$	1
$8 \div 4$	2
$8 \div 2$	4
$8 \div 1$	8
$8 \div \frac{1}{2}$	
$8 \div \frac{1}{4}$	
$8 \div \frac{1}{8}$	

**Multiplication Table**

$8 \times \frac{1}{16}$	$\frac{1}{2}$
$8 \times \frac{1}{8}$	1
$8 \times \frac{1}{4}$	2
$8 \times \frac{1}{2}$	4
$8 \times 1$	8
$8 \times 2$	
$8 \times 4$	
$8 \times 8$	

**Math Practice 4**

**Analyze Relationships**

How is multiplying numbers similar to dividing numbers?

- b. Describe the relationship between the **red numbers** in the division table and the **red numbers** in the multiplication table.
- c. Describe the relationship between the **blue numbers** in the division table and the **blue numbers** in the multiplication table.
- d. **STRUCTURE** Make a conjecture about how you can use multiplication to divide by a fraction.
- e. Test your conjecture using the problems in Activity 1.

## What Is Your Answer?

3. **IN YOUR OWN WORDS** How can you divide by a fraction? Give an example.
4. How many halves are in a fourth? Explain how you found your answer.

**Practice**

Use what you learned about dividing fractions to complete Exercises 11–18 on page 67.

### Key Vocabulary

reciprocals, p. 64

Two numbers whose product is 1 are **reciprocals**. To write the reciprocal of a number, write the number as a fraction. Then invert the fraction.

So, the reciprocal of a fraction  $\frac{a}{b}$  is  $\frac{b}{a}$ , where  $a$  and  $b \neq 0$ .

## The Meaning of a Word ● Invert

When you **invert** a glass, you turn it over.



### Study Tip

The product of a nonzero number and its reciprocal is 1.

$$\frac{a}{b} \cdot \frac{b}{a} = 1$$

This is called the *Multiplicative Inverse Property*. You will learn more about this property in Chapter 7.

## EXAMPLE 1 Writing Reciprocals

### Study Tip

When any number is multiplied by 0, the product is 0. So, the number 0 does not have a reciprocal.

	Original Number	Fraction	Reciprocal	Check
a.	$\frac{3}{5}$	$\frac{3}{5}$	$\frac{5}{3}$	$\frac{3}{5} \times \frac{5}{3} = 1$
b.	$\frac{9}{5}$	$\frac{9}{5}$	$\frac{5}{9}$	$\frac{9}{5} \times \frac{5}{9} = 1$
c.	2	$\frac{2}{1}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{2}{1} \times \frac{1}{2} = 1$

### On Your Own

Write the reciprocal of the number.

1.  $\frac{3}{4}$

2. 5

3.  $\frac{7}{2}$

4.  $\frac{4}{9}$

Now You're Ready  
Exercises 7–10

## Key Idea

### Dividing Fractions

**Words** To divide a number by a fraction, multiply the number by the reciprocal of the fraction.

**Numbers**  $\frac{1}{5} \div \frac{3}{4} = \frac{1}{5} \times \frac{4}{3} = \frac{1 \times 4}{5 \times 3}$

**Algebra**  $\frac{a}{b} \div \frac{c}{d} = \frac{a}{b} \cdot \frac{d}{c} = \frac{a \cdot d}{b \cdot c}$ , where  $b, c,$  and  $d \neq 0$

## EXAMPLE 2 Dividing a Fraction by a Fraction

Find  $\frac{1}{6} \div \frac{2}{3}$ .

$$\frac{1}{6} \div \frac{2}{3} = \frac{1}{6} \times \frac{3}{2}$$

Multiply by the reciprocal of  $\frac{2}{3}$ , which is  $\frac{3}{2}$ .

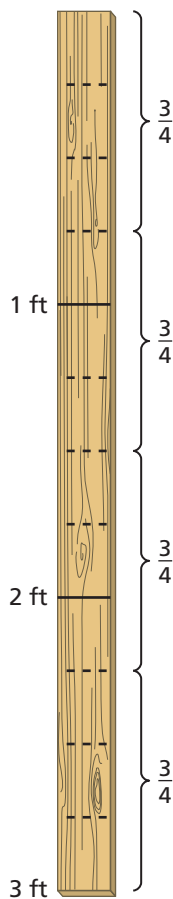
$$= \frac{1 \times \overset{1}{\cancel{3}}}{\underset{2}{\cancel{6}} \times 2}$$

Multiply fractions. Divide out the common factor 3.

$$= \frac{1}{4}$$

Simplify.

## EXAMPLE 3 Dividing a Whole Number by a Fraction



A piece of wood is 3 feet long. How many  $\frac{3}{4}$ -foot pieces can you cut from the piece of wood?

**Method 1:** Draw a diagram. Mark each foot on the diagram. Then divide each foot into  $\frac{1}{4}$ -foot sections.

Count the number of  $\frac{3}{4}$ -foot pieces of wood. There are four.

∴ So, you can cut four  $\frac{3}{4}$ -foot pieces from the piece of wood.

**Method 2:** Divide 3 by  $\frac{3}{4}$  to find the number of  $\frac{3}{4}$ -foot pieces.

$$3 \div \frac{3}{4} = 3 \times \frac{4}{3}$$

Multiply by the reciprocal of  $\frac{3}{4}$ , which is  $\frac{4}{3}$ .

$$= \frac{\overset{1}{\cancel{3}} \times 4}{\underset{1}{\cancel{3}}}$$

Multiply. Divide out the common factor 3.

$$= 4$$

Simplify.

∴ So, you can cut four  $\frac{3}{4}$ -foot pieces from the piece of wood.

### On Your Own

Divide. Write the answer in simplest form.

5.  $\frac{2}{7} \div \frac{1}{3}$

6.  $\frac{1}{2} \div \frac{1}{8}$

7.  $\frac{3}{8} \div \frac{1}{4}$

8.  $\frac{2}{5} \div \frac{3}{10}$

9. How many  $\frac{1}{2}$ -foot pieces can you cut from a 7-foot piece of wood?

## EXAMPLE 4 Dividing a Fraction by a Whole Number

Find  $\frac{4}{5} \div 2$ .

$$\frac{4}{5} \div 2 = \frac{4}{5} \div \frac{2}{1}$$

Write 2 as an improper fraction.

$$= \frac{4}{5} \times \frac{1}{2}$$

Multiply by the reciprocal of  $\frac{2}{1}$ , which is  $\frac{1}{2}$ .

$$= \frac{\overset{2}{\cancel{4}} \times 1}{5 \times \cancel{2}_1}$$

Multiply fractions. Divide out the common factor 2.

$$= \frac{2}{5}$$

Simplify.

### On Your Own

Divide. Write the answer in simplest form.

10.  $\frac{1}{2} \div 3$

11.  $\frac{2}{3} \div 10$

12.  $\frac{5}{8} \div 4$

13.  $\frac{6}{7} \div 4$

 **Now You're Ready**  
Exercises 11–26

## EXAMPLE 5 Using Order of Operations

Evaluate  $\frac{3}{8} + \frac{5}{6} \div 5$ .

$$\frac{3}{8} + \frac{5}{6} \div 5 = \frac{3}{8} + \frac{5}{6} \times \frac{1}{5}$$

Multiply by the reciprocal of 5, which is  $\frac{1}{5}$ .

$$= \frac{3}{8} + \frac{\overset{1}{\cancel{5}} \times 1}{6 \times \cancel{5}_1}$$

Multiply  $\frac{5}{6}$  and  $\frac{1}{5}$ . Divide out the common factor 5.

$$= \frac{3}{8} + \frac{1}{6}$$

Simplify.

$$= \frac{18}{48} + \frac{8}{48}$$

Rewrite fractions using a common denominator.

$$= \frac{26}{48}, \text{ or } \frac{13}{24}$$

Simplify.

### Study Tip

You can use the LCD, 24, to add the fractions in Example 5.

$$\frac{3}{8} + \frac{1}{6} = \frac{9}{24} + \frac{4}{24} = \frac{13}{24}$$

### On Your Own

Evaluate the expression. Write the answer in simplest form.

14.  $\frac{4}{5} + \frac{2}{5} \div 4$

15.  $\frac{3}{8} \div \frac{3}{4} - \frac{1}{6}$

16.  $\frac{8}{9} \div 2 \div 8$

 **Now You're Ready**  
Exercises 43–51

## 2.2 Exercises

### Vocabulary and Concept Check

- OPEN-ENDED** Write a fraction and its reciprocal.
- WHICH ONE DOESN'T BELONG?** Which of the following does *not* belong with the other three? Explain your reasoning.

$$\frac{1}{3}$$

$$\frac{1}{6}$$

$$\frac{2}{9}$$

$$\frac{1}{8}$$

**MATCHING** Match the expression with its value.

3.  $\frac{2}{5} \div \frac{8}{15}$

4.  $\frac{8}{15} \div \frac{2}{5}$

5.  $\frac{2}{15} \div \frac{8}{5}$

6.  $\frac{8}{5} \div \frac{2}{15}$

A.  $\frac{1}{12}$

B.  $\frac{3}{4}$

C. 12

D.  $1\frac{1}{3}$

### Practice and Problem Solving

Write the reciprocal of the number.

1 7. 8

8.  $\frac{6}{7}$

9.  $\frac{2}{5}$

10.  $\frac{8}{11}$

Divide. Write the answer in simplest form.

2 3 4 11.  $\frac{1}{8} \div \frac{1}{4}$

12.  $\frac{5}{6} \div \frac{2}{7}$

13.  $12 \div \frac{3}{4}$

14.  $8 \div \frac{2}{5}$

15.  $\frac{3}{7} \div 6$

16.  $\frac{12}{25} \div 4$

17.  $\frac{2}{9} \div \frac{2}{3}$

18.  $\frac{8}{15} \div \frac{4}{5}$

19.  $\frac{1}{3} \div \frac{1}{9}$

20.  $\frac{7}{10} \div \frac{3}{8}$

21.  $\frac{14}{27} \div 7$

22.  $\frac{5}{8} \div 15$


23.  $\frac{27}{32} \div \frac{7}{8}$


24.  $\frac{4}{15} \div \frac{10}{13}$

25.  $9 \div \frac{4}{9}$

26.  $10 \div \frac{5}{12}$

**ERROR ANALYSIS** Describe and correct the error in finding the quotient.

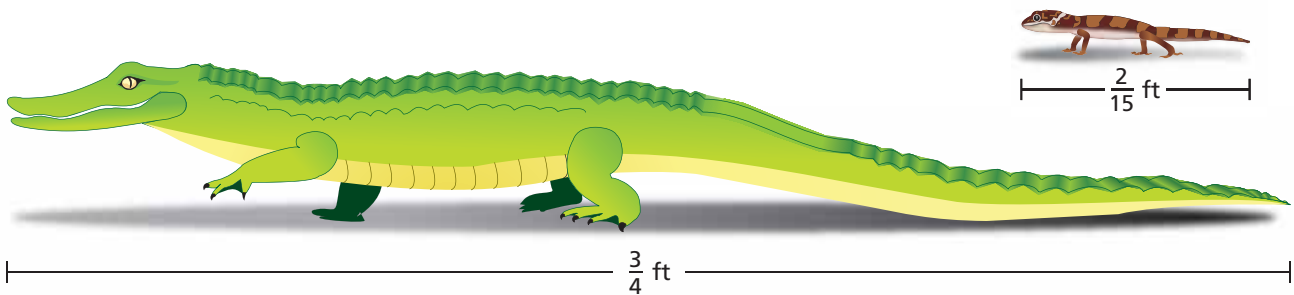
27.  
$$\begin{aligned} \frac{4}{7} \div \frac{13}{28} &= \frac{4}{7} \times \frac{13}{28} \\ &= \frac{\cancel{4}^1 \times 13}{7 \times \cancel{28}_7} \\ &= \frac{13}{49} \end{aligned}$$

28.  
$$\begin{aligned} \frac{2}{5} \div \frac{8}{9} &= \frac{5}{2} \times \frac{8}{9} \\ &= \frac{5 \times \cancel{8}^4}{\cancel{2}_1 \times 9} \\ &= \frac{20}{9} \end{aligned}$$

29. **REASONING** How can you use estimation to show that the quotient in Exercise 28 is incorrect?

30. **APPLE PIE** You have  $\frac{3}{5}$  of an apple pie. You divide the remaining pie into 5 equal slices. What fraction of the original pie is each slice?

31. **ANIMALS** How many times longer is the baby alligator than the baby gecko?



Determine whether the numbers are reciprocals. If not, write the reciprocal of each number.

32.  $9, \frac{1}{9}$

33.  $\frac{4}{5}, \frac{10}{8}$

34.  $\frac{5}{6}, \frac{15}{18}$

35.  $\frac{6}{5}, \frac{5}{6}$

Copy and complete the statement.

36.  $\frac{5}{12} \times \square = 1$

37.  $3 \times \square = 1$

38.  $7 \div \square = 56$

Without finding the quotient, copy and complete the statement using  $<$ ,  $>$ , or  $=$ . Explain your reasoning.

39.  $5 \div \frac{7}{9} \square 5$

40.  $\frac{3}{7} \div 1 \square \frac{3}{7}$

41.  $8 \div \frac{3}{4} \square 8$

42.  $\frac{5}{6} \div \frac{7}{8} \square \frac{5}{6}$

Evaluate the expression. Write the answer in simplest form.

5 43.  $\frac{1}{6} \div 6 \div 6$

44.  $\frac{7}{12} \div 14 \div 6$

45.  $\frac{3}{5} \div \frac{4}{7} \div \frac{9}{10}$

46.  $4 \div \frac{8}{9} - \frac{1}{2}$

47.  $\frac{3}{4} + \frac{5}{6} \div \frac{2}{3}$

48.  $\frac{7}{8} - \frac{3}{8} \div 9$

49.  $\frac{9}{16} \div \frac{3}{4} \cdot \frac{2}{13}$

50.  $\frac{3}{14} \cdot \frac{2}{5} \div \frac{6}{7}$

51.  $\frac{10}{27} \cdot \left( \frac{3}{8} \div \frac{5}{24} \right)$

52. **REASONING** Use a model to evaluate the quotient  $\frac{1}{2} \div \frac{1}{6}$ . Explain.

53. **VIDEO CHATTING** You use  $\frac{1}{8}$  of your battery for every  $\frac{2}{5}$  of an hour that you video chat. You use  $\frac{3}{4}$  of your battery video chatting. How long did you video chat?



54. **NUMBER SENSE** When is the reciprocal of a fraction a whole number? Explain.

55. **BUDGETS** The table shows the portions of a family budget that are spent on several expenses.

Expense	Portion of Budget
Housing	$\frac{1}{4}$
Food	$\frac{1}{12}$
Automobiles	$\frac{1}{15}$
Recreation	$\frac{1}{40}$

- How many times more is the expense for housing than for automobiles?
- How many times more is the expense for food than for recreation?
- The expense for automobile fuel is  $\frac{1}{60}$  of the total expenses. What fraction of the automobile expense is spent on fuel?

56. **PROBLEM SOLVING** You have 6 pints of glaze. It takes  $\frac{7}{8}$  of a pint to glaze a bowl and  $\frac{9}{16}$  of a pint to glaze a plate.



- How many bowls could you glaze? How many plates could you glaze?
- You want to glaze 5 bowls, and then use the rest for plates. How many plates can you glaze? How much glaze will be left over?
- How many of each object could you glaze so that there is no glaze left over? Explain how you found your answer.

57. **Reasoning** A water tank is  $\frac{1}{8}$  full. The tank is  $\frac{3}{4}$  full when 42 gallons of water are added to the tank.

- How much water can the tank hold?
- How much water was originally in the tank?
- How much water is in the tank when it is  $\frac{1}{2}$  full?



## Fair Game Review What you learned in previous grades & lessons

Find the GCF of the numbers. (Section 1.5)

58. 8, 16

59. 24, 66

60. 48, 80

61. 15, 45, 100

62. **MULTIPLE CHOICE** How many inches are in  $5\frac{1}{2}$  yards?  
(Skills Review Handbook)

(A)  $15\frac{1}{2}$

(B)  $16\frac{1}{2}$

(C) 66

(D) 198