# **Translations**

**Learning Target:** Translate figures in the coordinate plane.

Success Criteria: • I can identify a translation.

• I can find the coordinates of a translated figure.

• I can use coordinates to translate a figure.

# **Exploration 1**

### **Sliding Figures**

### Work with a partner.

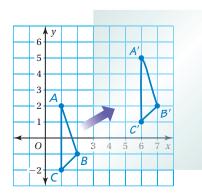
- **a.** For each figure below, draw the figure in a coordinate plane. Then copy the figure onto a piece of transparent paper and slide the copy to a new location in the coordinate plane. Describe the location of the copy compared to the location of the original.
  - point

triangle

line segment

rectangle

line





CONNECTION

How can you use your

answer to part (d) to describe what happens to

each figure in part (a) when you slide it horizontally a units and

vertically *b* units?

- **b.** When you slide figures, what do you notice about sides, angles, and parallel lines?
- **c.** Describe the location of each point below compared to the point A(x, y).

$$B(x + 1, y + 2)$$

$$B(x+1, y+2)$$
  $C(x-3, y+4)$ 

$$D(x-2, y+3)$$
  $E(x+4, y-1)$ 

$$E(x + 4, y - 1)$$

**d.** You copy a point with coordinates (x, y) and slide it horizontally a units and vertically b units. What are the coordinates of the copy?



#### **Geometric Reasoning**

MA.8.GR.2.3 Describe and apply the effect of a single transformation on two-dimensional figures using coordinates and the coordinate plane.

# 3.1 Lesson

### **Key Vocabulary**

transformation, p. 132 image, p. 132 translation, p. 132

A **transformation** changes a figure into another figure. The new figure is called the **image**.

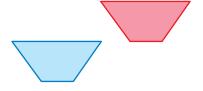
A **translation** is a transformation in which a figure *slides* but does not turn. Every point of the figure moves the same distance and in the same direction.



### **Example 1** Identifying a Translation

Tell whether the blue figure is a translation of the red figure.

a.



b.





The red figure *slides* to form the blue figure.

So, the blue figure is a translation of the red figure.

The red figure *turns* to form the blue figure.

So, the blue figure is *not* a translation of the red figure.

Try It

Tell whether the blue figure is a translation of the red figure.

1





2





### Reading

A' is read "A prime." Use *prime* symbols when naming an image.

$$A \longrightarrow A'$$

$$B \longrightarrow B'$$

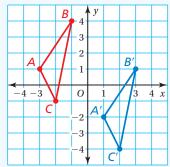
$$C \longrightarrow C'$$

# Key Idea

**Translations in the Coordinate Plane** 

To translate a figure *a* units horizontally and *b* units vertically in a coordinate plane, add *a* to the *x*-coordinates and *b* to the *y*-coordinates of the vertices.

Positive values of *a* and *b* represent translations up and right. Negative values of *a* and *b* represent translations down and left.

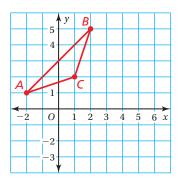


**Algebra** 
$$(x, y) \rightarrow (x + a, y + b)$$

In a translation, the original figure and its image are identical.

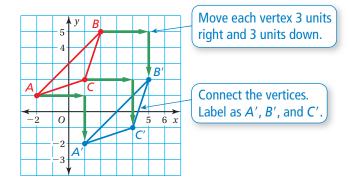


## **Example 2** Translating a Figure in the Coordinate Plane



Translate the red triangle 3 units right and 3 units down. What are the coordinates of the image?

**Method 1:** Use a coordinate plane. Move each vertex 3 units right and 3 units down.



The coordinates of the image are A'(1, -2), B'(5, 2), and C'(4, -1).

**Method 2:** Use coordinates. Add 3 to the x-coordinates of the vertices and add -3, or subtract 3, from the y-coordinates of the vertices.

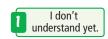
$$A(-2, 1) \longrightarrow A'(-2 + 3, 1 - 3) \longrightarrow A'(1, -2)$$
  
 $B(2, 5) \longrightarrow B'(2 + 3, 5 - 3) \longrightarrow B'(5, 2)$   
 $C(1, 2) \longrightarrow C'(1 + 3, 2 - 3) \longrightarrow C'(4, -1)$ 

The coordinates of the image are A'(1, -2), B'(5, 2), and C'(4, -1).

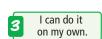


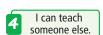
**3. WHAT IF?** The red triangle is translated 4 units left and 2 units up. What are the coordinates of the image?

### In-Class Practice









**IDENTIFYING A TRANSLATION** Tell whether the blue figure is a translation of the red figure.

4.





5.





**6. TRANSLATING A FIGURE** The vertices of a triangle are A(-2, -2), B(0, 2), and C(3, 0). Translate the triangle 1 unit left and 2 units up. What are the coordinates of the image?



## **Example 3** Modeling Real Life



A landscaper represents a park using a coordinate plane. He draws a square with vertices A(1, -2), B(3, -2), C(3, -4), and D(1, -4) to represent the location of a new fountain. City officials want to move the fountain 4 units left and 6 units up. Find the coordinates of the image. Then draw the original figure and the image in a coordinate plane.



You are given the coordinates for the vertices of a fountain. You are asked to find the coordinates after a translation 4 units left and 6 units up, and then graph the original figure and its image in a coordinate plane.

Use the coordinates of the original figure to calculate the coordinates of the image after the translation. Then graph each figure in a coordinate plane.

To find the coordinates of the image, subtract 4 from each *x*-coordinate and add 6 to each *y*-coordinate.

Check Counting grid lines in the graph shows that each vertex of the image is translated 4 units left and 6 units up. ✓

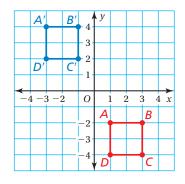
$$(x, y) \longrightarrow (x - 4, y + 6)$$

$$A(1, -2) \longrightarrow A'(1 - 4, -2 + 6) \longrightarrow A'(-3, 4)$$

$$B(3, -2) \longrightarrow B'(3 - 4, -2 + 6) \longrightarrow B'(-1, 4)$$

$$C(3, -4) \longrightarrow C'(3 - 4, -4 + 6) \longrightarrow C'(-1, 2)$$

 $D(1, -4) \longrightarrow D'(1 - 4, -4 + 6) \longrightarrow D'(-3, 2)$ 



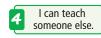
The coordinates of the image are A'(-3, 4), B'(-1, 4), C'(-1, 2), and D'(-3, 2).

### In-Class Practice

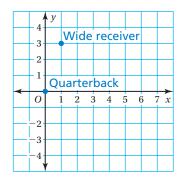








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- **7.** A neighborhood planner uses a coordinate plane to design a new neighborhood. The coordinates A(1, -1), B(1, -2), and C(2, -1) represent House A, House B, and House C. The planner decides to place a playground centered at the origin, and moves the houses to make space. House A is now located at A'(3, -4). What are the new coordinates of House B and House C when each house is moved using the same translation? Justify your answer.
- **8.** The locations of a quarterback and a wide receiver on a football field are represented in a coordinate plane. The quarterback throws the football to the point (6, -2). Use a translation to describe a path the wide receiver can take to catch the pass.

## Review & Refresh

Solve the inequality.

1. 
$$4x - 2 > 10$$

**2.** 
$$17 \le \frac{1}{3}z + 5$$

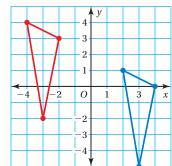
3. 
$$-\frac{2}{5}b - 7 \ge 21$$

**4.** You put \$550 in an account that earns 4.4% simple interest per year. How much interest do you earn in 6 months?

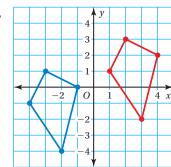
# Concepts, Skills, & Problem Solving

**DESCRIBING RELATIONSHIPS** For each figure, describe the location of the blue figure relative to the location of the red figure. (See Exploration 1.)

5.

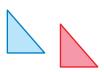


6



**IDENTIFYING A TRANSLATION** Tell whether the blue figure is a translation of the **red figure.** (See Example 1.)

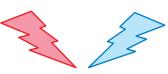
**7**.



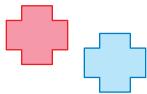
8.



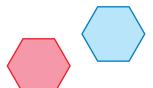
9



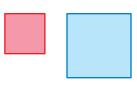
10.



11.



12.



**TRANSLATING A FIGURE** The vertices of a triangle are L(0, 1), M(1, -2), and N(-2, 1). Draw the figure and its image after the translation.

**13.** 1 unit left and 6 units up

**14.** 5 units right

**15.** (x+2, y+3)

**16.** (x-3, y-4)

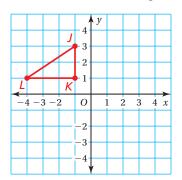
**17. HELP A CLASSMATE** Your friend wants to translate point *A* 2 units down and 1 unit right. Explain how your friend can complete the work.

 $A(3, 1) \longrightarrow A'(3, 1) \longrightarrow A'(3, 1)$ 

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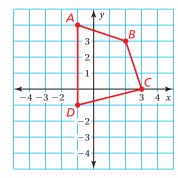
### 18. TRANSLATING A FIGURE

Translate the triangle 4 units right and 3 units down. What are the coordinates of the image? (See Example 2.)



### ▶ 19. TRANSLATING A FIGURE

Translate the figure 2 units left and 4 units down. What are the coordinates of the image?



**DESCRIBING A TRANSLATION** Describe the translation of the point to its image.

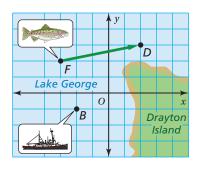
**20.** 
$$(3, -2) \rightarrow (1, 0)$$

**21.** 
$$(-8, -4) \rightarrow (-3, 5)$$

**22. REASONING** You can click and drag an icon on a computer's desktop. Is this an example of a translation? Explain.



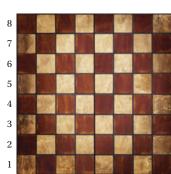
**23. MODELING REAL LIFE** The proposed location for a new oil platform is represented in a coordinate plane by a rectangle with vertices A(1, -3), B(1, 4), C(4, 4), and D(4, -3). An inspector recommends moving the oil platform 4 units right and 2 units down. Find the coordinates of the image. Then draw the original figure and the image in the coordinate plane. (See Example 3.)



- **24. PROBLEM SOLVING** A school of fish translates from point *F* to point *D*.
  - **a.** Describe the translation of the school of fish.
  - **b.** Can the fishing boat make the same translation? Explain.
  - **c.** Describe a translation the fishing boat could make to get to point *D*.
- **25. REASONING** The vertices of a triangle are A(0, -3), B(2, -1), and C(3, -3). You translate the triangle 5 units right and 2 units down. Then you translate the image 3 units left and 8 units down. Is the original triangle identical to the final image? Explain your reasoning.
- **26. Dig Deeper** In chess, a knight can move only in an L-shaped pattern:
  - two vertical squares, then one horizontal square;
  - two horizontal squares, then one vertical square;
  - ullet one vertical square, then two horizontal squares; or
  - *one* horizontal square, then *two* vertical squares.

Write a series of translations to move the knight from g8 to g5.





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