BIG IDEAS MATH® Modeling Real Life

Grade 5

Common Core Edition

Volume 1

Ron Larson Laurie Boswell



Erie, Pennsylvania BigIdeasLearning.com



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One Voice from Kindergarten Through Algebra 2

Written by renowned authors, Dr. Ron Larson and Dr. Laurie Boswell, *Big Ideas Math* offers a seamless math pedagogy from elementary through high school. Together, Ron and Laurie provide a consistent voice that encourages students to make connections through cohesive progressions and clear instruction. Since 1992, Ron and Laurie have authored over 50 mathematics programs.



Each time Laurie and I start working on a new program, we spend time putting ourselves in the position of the reader. How old is the reader? What is the reader's experience with mathematics? The answers to these questions become our writing guides. Our goal is to make the learning targets understandable and to develop these targets in a clear path that leads to student success.

For Larson

Ron Larson, Ph.D., is well known as lead author of a comprehensive and widely used mathematics program that ranges from elementary school through college. He holds the distinction of Professor Emeritus from Penn State Erie, The Behrend College, where he taught for nearly 40 years. He received his Ph.D. in mathematics from the University of Colorado. Dr. Larson engages in the latest research and advancements in mathematics education and consistently incorporates key pedagogical elements to ensure focus, coherence, rigor, and student self-reflection.

My passion and goal in writing is to provide an essential resource for exploring and making sense of mathematics. Our program is guided by research around the learning and teaching of mathematics in the hopes of improving the achievement of all students. May this be a successful year for you!

aurie Boswell



Laurie Boswell, Ed.D., is the former Head of School at Riverside School in Lyndonville, Vermont. In addition to authoring textbooks, she provides mathematics consulting and embedded coaching sessions. Dr. Boswell received her Ed.D. from the University of Vermont in 2010. She is a recipient of the Presidential Award for Excellence in Mathematics Teaching and later served as president of CPAM. Laurie has taught math to students at all levels, elementary through college. In addition, Laurie has served on the NCTM Board of Directors and as a Regional Director for NCSM. Along with Ron, Laurie has co-authored numerous math programs and has become a popular national speaker.

Contributors, Reviewers, and Research

Big Ideas Learning would like to express our gratitude to the mathematics education and instruction experts who served as our advisory panel, contributing specialists, and reviewers during the writing of *Big Ideas Math: Modeling Real Life*. Their input was an invaluable asset during the development of this program.

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Research

Ron Larson and Laurie Boswell used the latest in educational research, along with the body of knowledge collected from expert mathematics instructors, to develop the *Modeling Real Life* series. The pedagogical approach used in this program follows the best practices outlined in the most prominent and widely accepted educational research, including:

- Visible Learning, John Hattie © 2009
- Visible Learning for Teachers John Hattie © 2012
- Visible Learning for Mathematics John Hattie © 2017
- Principles to Actions: Ensuring Mathematical Success for All NCTM © 2014
- Adding It Up: Helping Children Learn Mathematics National Research Council © 2001
- Mathematical Mindsets: Unleashing Students' Potential through Creative Math, Inspiring Messages and Innovative Teaching Jo Boaler © 2015
- What Works in Schools: Translating Research into Action Robert Marzano © 2003
- Classroom Instruction That Works: Research-Based Strategies for Increasing Student Achievement Marzano, Pickering, and Pollock © 2001
- Principles and Standards for School Mathematics NCTM © 2000
- Rigorous PBL by Design: Three Shifts for Developing Confident and Competent Learners Michael McDowell © 2017

- Common Core State Standards for Mathematics National Governors Association Center for Best Practices and Council of Chief State School Officers © 2010
- Universal Design for Learning Guidelines CAST © 2011
- Rigor/Relevance Framework®
 International Center for Leadership in Education
- Understanding by Design Grant Wiggins and Jay McTighe © 2005
- Achieve, ACT, and The College Board
- Elementary and Middle School Mathematics: Teaching Developmentally John A. Van de Walle and Karen S. Karp
 © 2015
- Evaluating the Quality of Learning: The SOLO Taxonomy John B. Biggs & Kevin F. Collis © 1982
- Unlocking Formative Assessment: Practical Strategies for Enhancing Students' Learning in the Primary and Intermediate Classroom Shirley Clarke, Helen Timperley, and John Hattie © 2004
- Formative Assessment in the Secondary Classroom Shirley Clarke © 2005
- Improving Student Achievement: A Practical Guide to Assessment for Learning Toni Glasson © 2009

Focus and Coherence from

Instructional Design

A single authorship team from Kindergarten through Algebra 2 results in a logical progression of focused topics with meaningful coherence from course to course.

FOCUS

A focused program dedicates lessons, activities, and assessments to grade-level standards while simultaneously supporting and engaging you in the major work of the course.

The Learning Target and Success Criteria for each lesson focus the learning into manageable chunks, using clear teaching text and Key Ideas.

Learning Target: Compare fractions that have the same denominator.

Success Criteria:

- I can model fractions that have the same denominator.
- I can use the numerators to compare fractions. I can explain how to compare fractions that have the
- same denominator.

Laurie's Notes

Preparing to Teach

In the previous lesson, students learned how to use an Inch Ruler to measure lengths to the nearest inch. In this lesson, they add *foot* and *yard* to their length measurement units. Students will measure objects to the nearest foot and nearest yard. They will also choose among an inch ruler, yardstick, and measuring tape as the instrument for measuring a specific object.

Think and Grow: Find Factor Pairs

You can write whole numbers as products of two factors. The two factors are called a **factor pair** for the number.



2 and 4 are a factor pair for 8.

_ and ____

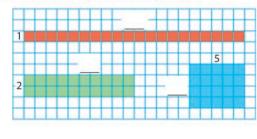
__, and _

A 4 \times 5 rectangle has the same area as a 5 \times 4 rectangle. Both give the factor pair 4 and 5.

and

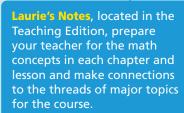
Example Find the factor pairs for 20.

Find the side lengths of as many different rectangles with an area of 20 square units as possible.



The side lengths of each rectangle are a factor pair.

So, the factor pairs for 20 are _____ and ___



a Single Authorship Team

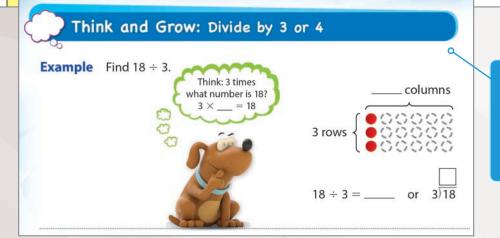
COHERENCE

A single authorship team built a coherent program that has intentional progression of content within each grade and between grade levels. You will build new understanding on foundations from prior grades and connect concepts throughout the course. The authors developed content that progresses from prior chapters and grades to future ones. In addition to charts like this one, Laurie's Notes give your teacher insights about where you have come from and where you are going in your learning progression.

		Through the Grades	
	Grade 4	Grade 5	Grade 6
	 Create a number or shape pattern that follows a given rule. Describe attributes of a pattern that are not part of the rule. 	 Describe a coordinate system using appropriate vocabulary. Graph points in a coordinate plane to represent real-world problems. Explain the value of points in a coordinate plane in relation to a real-world problem. Analyze patterns based on relationships and operations. 	 Graph ordered pairs in all four quadrants of the coordinate plane. Draw polygons in the coordinate plane. Graph ordered pairs in all four quadrants of the coordinate plane.
se, crea	ghtfully ating a f content	 Create numeric patterns using given rules. Graph ordered pairs in a coordinate plane. 	 Understand ratios and describe ratio relationships.

One author team thoughtfully wrote each course, creating a seamless progression of content from Kindergarten to Algebra 2.

Grade K	Grade 1	Grade 2	Grade 3	Grade 4	Grade 5	Grade 6	
Operations and Algebraic Th	inking			Operations and Algebraic 1	hinking	Expressions and Equations	÷
Understand addition as putting together and adding to, and understand subtraction as tak- ing apart and taking from. <i>Chapters 5–7</i>	Solve problems involving addition and subtraction within 20. Apply properties of operations. Work with addition and subtraction equations. <i>Chapters 1–5, 10, 11</i>	Solve problems involving addition and subtraction within 20. Work: with equal groups of objects. <i>Chapters</i> 1–6, 15	Solve problems involving multiplication and division within 100. Apply properties of multiplication. Solve problems involving the four operations, and iden- tify and explain patterns in arithmetic. <i>Chapters 1–5, 8, 9, and 14</i>	Use the four operations with whole numbers to solve problems. Understand factors and multiples. Generate and analyze patterns. Chapters 2–6, 12	Write and interpret numerical expressions. Analyze patterns and relationships. <i>Chapters 2</i> , 12	Perform arithmetic with algebraic expressions. Chapter 5 Solve one-variable equations and inequalities. Chapters 6, 8 Analyze relationships between dependent and independent variables. Chapter 6	Wri Cha Use exp ine Cha



Throughout each course, lessons build on prior learning as new concepts are introduced. Here you are reminded of a multiplication fact, that you already know, to help solve the division problem.

Rigor in Math: A Balanced Approach

Instructional Design

The authors wrote each chapter and every lesson to provide a meaningful balance of rigorous instruction.

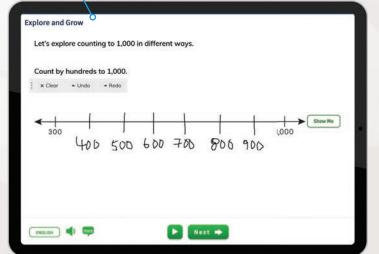
Conceptual Understanding

You have the opportunity to develop foundational concepts central to the *Learning Target* in each *Explore and Grow* by experimenting with new concepts, talking with peers, and asking questions.

RIGOR

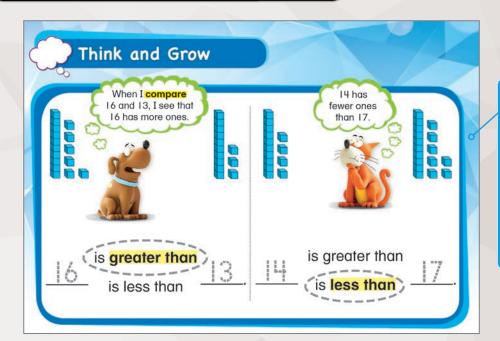
A rigorous program provides a balance of three important building blocks.

- Conceptual Understanding Discovering why
- Procedural Fluency Learning how
- Application Knowing when to apply



Conceptual Thinking Conceptual questions ask you to think deeply.

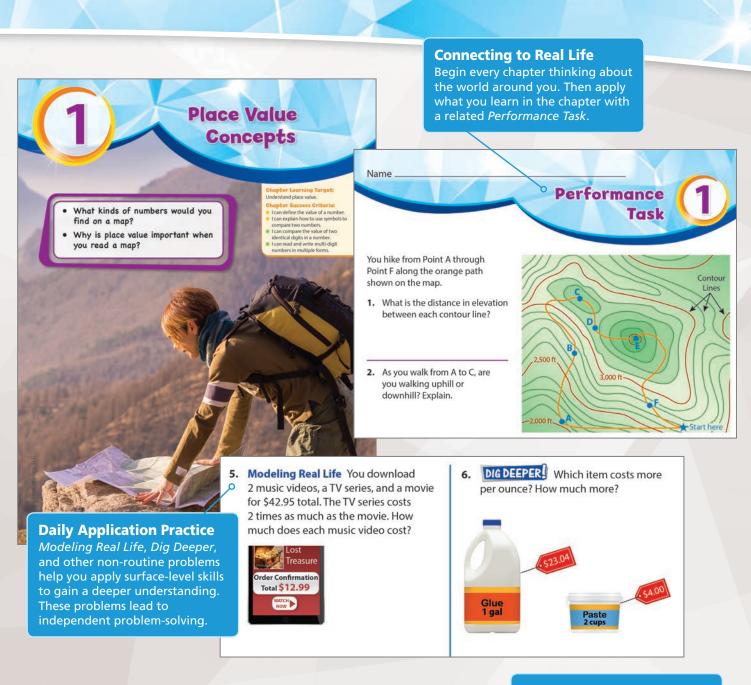
14. We Number Sense A sum has 5 addends. Each addend is a unit fraction. The sum is 1. What are the addends?



Procedural Fluency

Solidify learning with clear, stepped-out teaching in *Key Ideas* and *Think and Grow* examples.

Then shift conceptual understanding into procedural fluency with Show and Grow, Apply and Grow, Homework & Practice, and Review & Refresh.



THE PROBLEM-SOLVING PLAN

1. Understand the Problem

Think about what the problem is asking, what information you know, and how you might begin to solve.

2. Make a Plan

Plan your solution pathway before jumping in to solve. Identify any relationships and decide on a problem-solving strategy.

3. Solve and Check

As you solve the problem, be sure to evaluate your progress and check your answers. Throughout the problem-solving process, you must continually ask, "Does this make sense?" and be willing to change course if necessary.

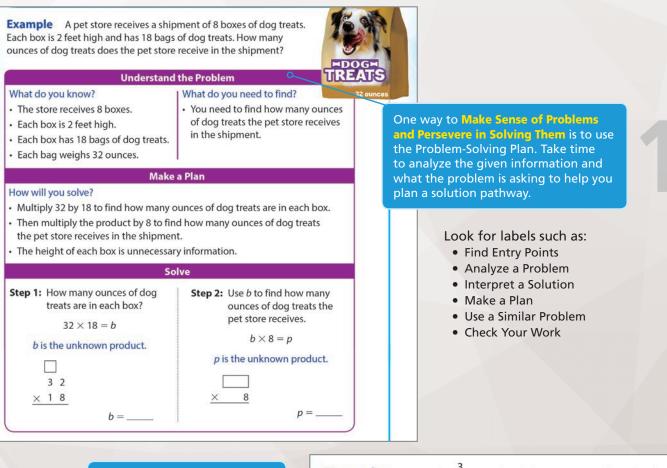
Problem-Solving Plan

Walk through the Problem-Solving Plan, featured in many *Think and Grow* examples, to help you make sense of problems with confidence.

Embedded Mathematical Practices

Encouraging Mathematical Mindsets

Developing proficiency in the **Mathematical Practices** is about becoming a mathematical thinker. Learn to ask why, and to reason and communicate with others as you learn. Use this guide to develop proficiency with the mathematical practices.

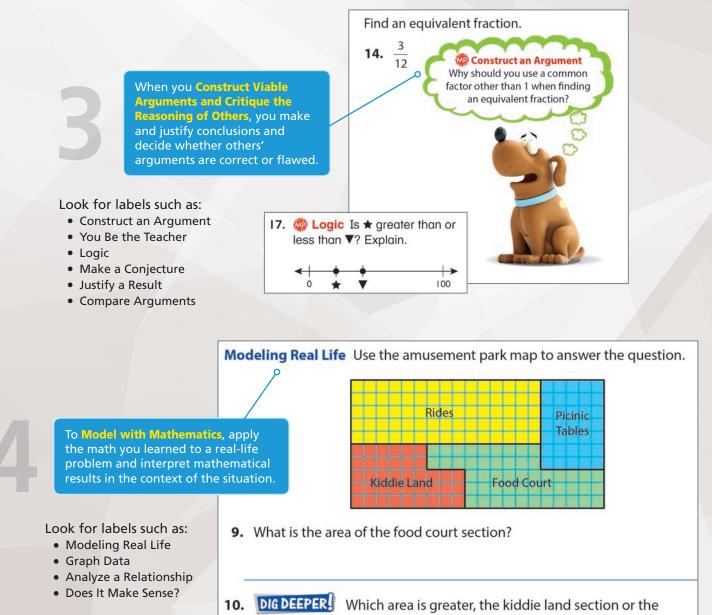


Reason Abstractly when you explore an example using numbers and models to represent the problem. Other times, Reason Quantitatively when you see relationships in numbers or models and draw conclusions about the problem.

Look for labels such as:

- Reasoning
- Number Sense
- Use Equations
- Use Expressions

Example You pick $2\frac{3}{4}$ pounds of cherries. Your friend picks $1\frac{2}{4}$ pounds of cherries. How many pounds of cherries do you and your friend pick in all? Now do you know your answer is greater than 3 pounds without solving?



picnic tables section? Explain.

BUILDING TO FULL UNDERSTANDING

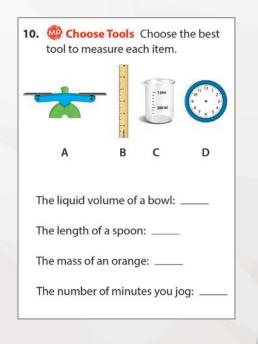
Throughout each course, you have opportunities to demonstrate specific aspects of the mathematical practices. Labels throughout the book indicate gateways to those aspects. Collectively, these opportunities will lead to a full understanding of each mathematical practice. Developing these mindsets and habits will give meaning to the mathematics you learn.

Embedded Mathematical Practices (continued)

To Use Appropriate Tools Strategically, you need to know what tools are available and think about how each tool might help you solve a mathematical problem. When you choose a tool to use, remember that it may have limitations.

Look for labels such as:

- Choose Tools
- Use Math Tools
- Use Technology



13. MP Precision How many decimal

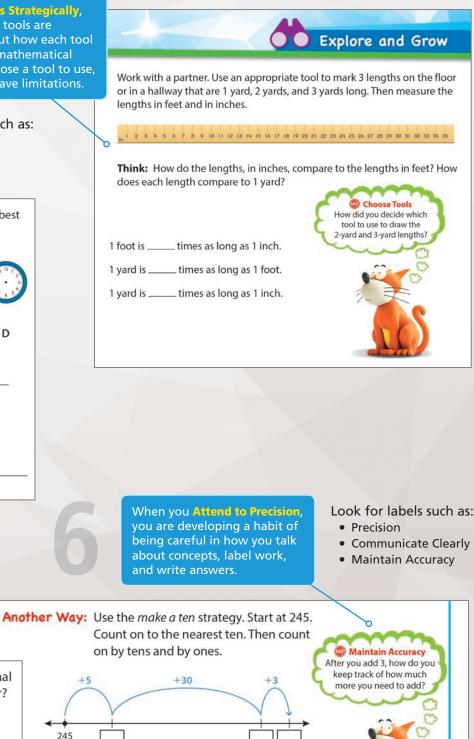
Explain.

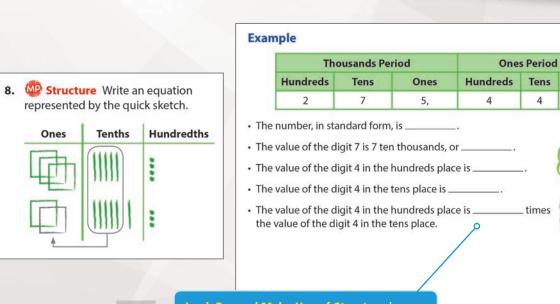
places are in the unknown factor?

2.8 = 4.48

245

245 + 38 = ____





Look For and Make Use of Structure by looking closely to see structure within a mathematical statement, or stepping back for an overview to see how individual parts make one single object.

Look for labels such as:

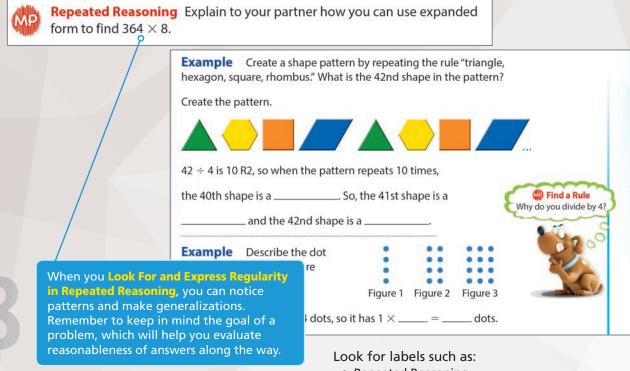
Ones

9

What pattern do

you notice in the two periods?

- Structure
- Patterns



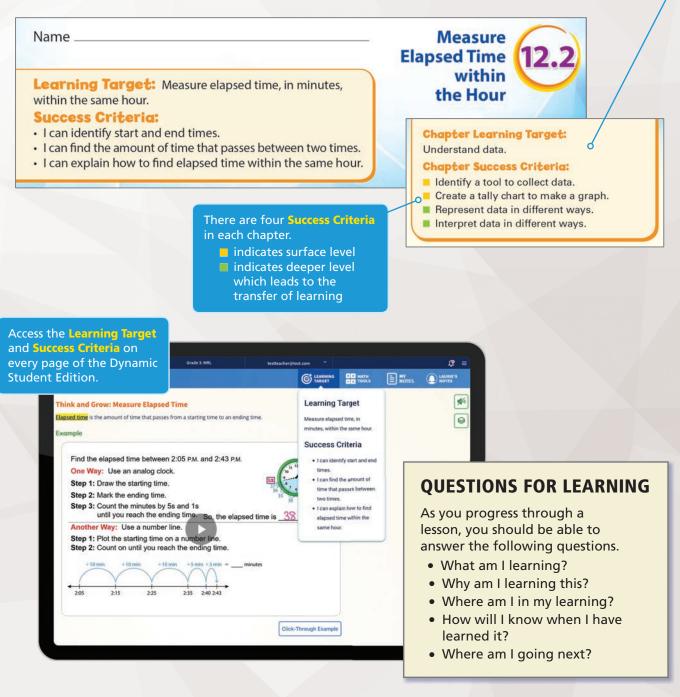
- Repeated Reasoning
- Find a Rule

Visible Learning Through Learning Targets,

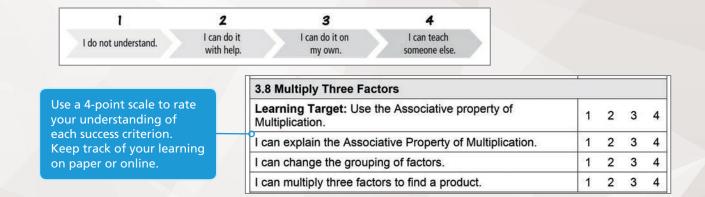
Making Learning Visible

Knowing the learning intention of a chapter or lesson helps you focus on the purpose of an activity, rather than simply completing it in isolation. This program supports visible learning through the consistent use of Learning Targets and Success Criteria to help you become successful.

Every chapter and lesson shows a Learning Target and related Success Criteria. These are purposefully integrated into each carefully written lesson.



Success Criteria, and Self-Assessment



		else.	meone	ach sor	I can tea	4	I can do it on my own.	3	I can do it with help.	2	I do not understand.	
Self-As throug in the help ye		<u> </u>	م							and Tho	apter 5 Divide Multi-Digi Divide Tens, Hundreds, Estimate Quotients Understand Division an Use Partial Quotients	5.1 5.2 5.3
your le		4	3	2	1						ng Target	
where		0	۲	0	0						rtial quotients to divide.	Jse pa
		4	3	2	1						s Criteria	Succes
	1.1	۲	0	0	0				de.	del to divi	plain how to use an area mo	can ex
		0	0	۲	0				blem.	vision prot	rite partial quotients for a di	can w
		0	۲	0	0				nt.	d a quotie	d thepartial quotients to fin	can a

Self-Assessments are included throughout every lesson, and in the **Chapter Review**, to help you take ownership of your learning and think about where to go next.

Ensuring Positive Outcomes

John Hattie's *Visible Learning* research consistently shows that using Learning Targets and Success Criteria can result in two years' growth in one year, ensuring positive outcomes for your learning and achievement.

Sophie Murphy, M.Ed., wrote the chapter-level Learning Targets and Success Criteria for this program. Sophie is currently completing her Ph.D. at the University of Melbourne in Australia with Professor John Hattie as her leading supervisor. Sophie completed her Master's thesis with Professor John Hattie in 2015. Sophie has over 20 years of experience as a teacher and school leader in private and public school settings in Australia.



Strategic Support for Online Learning

Get the Support You Need, When You Need It

There will be times throughout this course when you may need help. Whether you missed a lesson, did not understand the content, or just want to review, take advantage of the resources provided in the *Dynamic Student Edition*.

Use the Self-Assessment tool to keep track of your understanding of the lesson's Learning Target and Success Criteria.

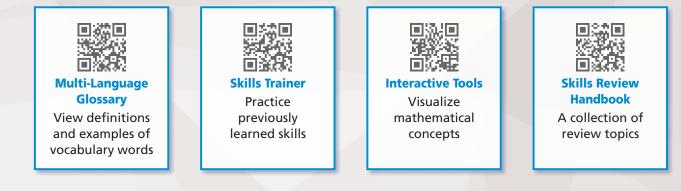
Take notes throughout the lesson using the My Notes function. These notes will be organized by chapter and lesson.

Writing Expla to multiply.	in why you start multipl	ying with the ones p	lace when using regrou	bing
The one	es 🗸 may need to b			○ ◎ ■
	ones tens	multi	× 3	د ٩
	SP. USA P.		201	

Check your answers to selected exercises as you work through the lesson. Use the Help option to view the Digital Example and Tutorial Extra Example videos.

Use the available **tools**, such as the calculator or sketchpad, to help clearly show your work and demonstrate your math knowledge. Tools are easy to use and were created with accessibility and functionality in mind.

USE THESE QR CODES TO EXPLORE ADDITIONAL RESOURCES



Learning with Newton and Descartes

💭 Check Your Work

How can you use the

division facts to check that

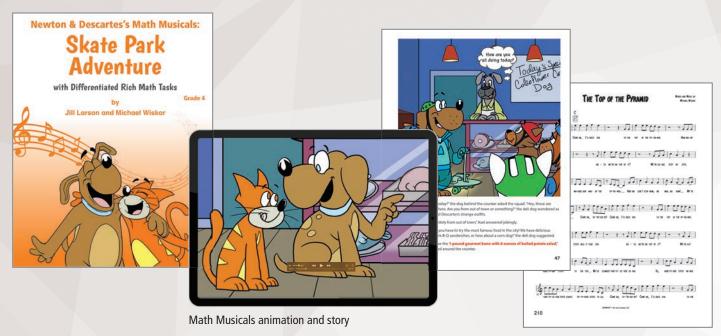
the products are correct?

Who are Newton and Descartes?

Newton and Descartes are helpful math assistants who appear throughout your math book! They encourage you to think deeply about concepts and develop strong mathematical mindsets with Mathematical Practice questions.

Newton & Descartes's Math Musicals

Math Musicals offer an engaging connection between math, literature, and music! Newton and Descartes team up in these educational stories and songs to bring mathematics to life!



Sheet Music

Precision

Which unit of measure

did you use in your

answer? Why?

Place Value Concepts

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Major TopicSupporting TopicAdditional Topic



Let's learn how to multiply whole numbers.

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5

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Race Around the World: Division

Directions:

- 1. Players take turns.
- 2. On your turn, flip a Race Around the World: Division Card and find the quotient.
- 3. Move your piece to the next number on the board that is highlighted in the quotient.
- 4. The first player to make it back to North America wins!



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Classify Two-Dimensional Shapes

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Parallelogram

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Rhombus

Quadrilateral Lineup

Directions:

- 1. Players take turns spinning the spinner.
- 2. On your turn, cover a quadrilateral that matches your spin.
- 3. If you land on Lose a Turn, then do not cover a quadrilateral.
- 4. The first player to get four in a row twice, horizontally, vertically, or diagonally, wins!

